

The Hong Kong Daily Press.

No. 9475

May 22, 1888.

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, MAY 22ND, 1888.

二月

就二十二月五英港香

PRICE \$24 PER MONTH

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

May 20, NINGPO, German str., 762, Schnit, Shanghai 17th May, General—SIEMSEN & Co.
May 20, FREJ, Danish steamer, 397, C. A. Lund, Haiphong 18th May, General—ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.
May 21, GARIC, British steamer, 420, W. G. Pearce, San Francisco 23rd April, and Yokohama 14th May, Mails and General—O. & O. S. S. Co.
May 21, ACTIV, Danish str., 355, N. C. Reesbeck, Pakuo 18th May and Hulow, 20th, General—ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.
May 21, BENARY, British steamer, 1,110, Le Bouillier, Saigon 17th May, Rice—GIBB, LIVINGTON & Co.
May 21, LAUGHING WAVE, British brig, 161, Shaw, Fremantle (W. A.) 7th April, Sandwood—SIEMSEN & Co.
May 21, NORDEN, Norwegian steamer, 1,367, C. Nielsen, Nagasaki 15th May, Coal—M. B. KLAESCH.
DEPARTURES.

May 21, DANUBE, British str., for Haiphong.
May 21, MOUNT LEBANON, Hawaiian bark, for Rajah.
May 21, ANNA WICHURST, German bark, for Singapore.
May 21, SEA SWALLOW, British bark, for Nagasaki.
May 21, CHEUNG HOOK KIAN, British steamer, for Swatow.
May 21, TRIUMPH, German str., for Whampoa.
May 21, VISCAY, Spanish str., for Manila.
May 21, NINGPO, British str., for Whampoa.

PASSENGERS.

ARRIVED.
Per Ningpo, str., from Shanghai—25 Chinese.
Per Gels, str., from San Francisco, &c.—Meers, A. Kahn, and A. Grunsky and servant, and 12 Chinese.
Per Benary, str., from Saigon—20 Chinese.
Per Actv, str., from Pakuo—37 Chinese.
Per Frej, str., from Haiphong, &c.—Europeans and 19 Chinese.

REPORTS.

The German steamer Ningpo, from Shanghai 17th May, at 5 a.m., reports had light southerly winds from Tarkabout; from thence to port light S.W. winds and fine, clear weather.
The British steamer Benary, from Saigon 17th May, report's had light southerly winds and fine weather. On the 16th May, the Dufil, in lat. 17° 20' N., long. 110° 30' E., towing a steamer launch.

The British steamer Gels, from San Francisco 23rd April, and Yokohama 14th May, reports from San Francisco to Yokohama had fresh to moderate westerly winds; from Yokohama to Tarkabout had fresh southerly winds with heavy rain; from thence to Hongkong light monsoon. Time 6 days, 6 hours, 45 min. from Yokohama.

SHANGHAI SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

El Dorado, British str., from Tientsin.
Yokohama-maru, Jap. str., from Japan.
Yokohama-maru, Jap. str., from Foochow.
Haiphong, British str., for Rajah.
Shanghai, British str., for Swatow.
Felling, British str., from Nagasaki.
Wha-on, British str., from Hankow.
Kiang-koen, Chinese str., from Ningpo.
Iehang, British str., from Ningpo.
Ava, French str., from Kobe.
Achilles, British str., from Liverpool.
Achilles, British str., from Tientsin.
Sud, British str., from Foochow.
Fu-ho, British str., from Hankow.
Wutung, Belgian str., from Tientsin.
Iago, German str., from Nagasaki.
Opack, British str., from Liverpool.
Kiang-koen, Chinese str., from Ningpo.
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Kung-wo, British str., from Hankow.
Meier, Chinese str., from Swatow.
Newchow, British str., from Swatow.
Tungchow, British str., from Tientsin.
Nierstein, German str., from Kuchinofer.
Satsuma-maru, Jap. str., from Japan.
Kiang-koen, Chinese str., from Tientsin.
Iehang, British str., from Ningpo.
Kowshing, British str., from Tientsin.
Nausing, British str., from Foochow.
Soochow, British str., from Swatow.
Peking, German str., from Hongkong.
Beuveng, British str., from Nagasaki.
New Guinea, British str., from Hamburg.
Doleymen, British str., from Glasgow.
Vipers, French str., from Yangtze Ports.
Aberlary, British str., from Hongkong.

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TEA SEASONS, 1888!

INTIMATIONS.

A TTENTION is directed to the following forms of Policies granted by the STANDARD LIFE INSURANCE.

These are Policies by a fixed number of premiums each premium securing a proportionate part of the sum assured in the event of the Policy being discontinued. For example, a person who has paid a premium of £100,000, and who desired to discontinue his payments at the end of 5 years, would receive a Policy for £500,000, on which no further or ordinary premiums would require to be paid.

These Policies are payable to the Life Assurance Company holding them to his representatives, should he predecease the age agreed upon.

These two forms of Policies are specially suitable for residents in the East who are in a position to pay a moderate premium while in receipt of a good income, and who do not wish to be burdened with the payment of premiums when they return to England from business.

Full particulars as to rates, &c., may be obtained on application to the

BORNEO COMPANY, LIMITED,
Agents, Hongkong.

STANDARD LIFE OFFICE

INTEREST FUNDS EXCEPTED £600,000

ANNUAL INCOME EXCEEDS £200,000

249—2

W. BREWER HAS JUST RECEIVED

Stephen's Digest of Criminal Law.

The Procurator's Hand-book.

Davies' Earthy Minerals.

Davies' Metaliferous Mining.

Brassey's Naval Annual.

Peacock's Encyclopaedia.

Macmillan's English.

Light's Through the Yangtze Gorges.

Carver's Life in China.

Solid Soled Tennis Shoes.

Corrugated Tennis Shoes.

Lamp Shades in great variety.

Tortoiseshell Hair Pins.

New Framed Pictures.

Cigar and Cigarette Cases.

Carlyle's Complete Revolution.

Carlyle's Complete Works.

Shakespeare in Case.

Roman Catholic Prayer Books.

Quantity New French Books.

Handsome Birthday Cards.

New Children's Books.

WALTER W. BREWER,
UNDER HONGKONG HOTEL.

TEA SEASONS, 1888!

FOR SALE.

RULES OF THE HONGKONG
TEA SAVINGS BANK.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash on delivery.

G. H. LAMMERT,
Auctioneer.

Hongkong, 26th April, 1888.

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INTIMATIONS.

NOW READY. 1888.
THE CHRONICLE AND DIRECTORY
FOR 1888.

THE CHINA DIRECTORY.
(TWENTY-SIXTH ANNUAL ISSUE),
COMPLETE, WITH APPENDIX, PLANS, &c., &c.,
Royal 8vo, pp. 1,200. .35.00.
SMALLER EDITION, Royal 8vo, pp. 816. .30.00.

THE CHRONICLE AND DIRECTORY
has been thoroughly revised and brought up
to date, and is again much increased in bulk.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED.

SUMMER REQUISITES.

FRUIT CORDIALS,
LIME FRUIT JUICE, RASPBERRY,
STRAWBERRY, CHERRY, DAMSON,
PINE APPLE AND ORLEANS PLUM.

MASON & SWAN'S
NEW PATENT WATER FILTERS.

HANDLES SHEWING CONSTRUCTION
SUPPLIED OR APPLIED.

THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY,
HONGKONG.
Hongkong, 9th May, 1888.

BIRTH.
On the 21st May, at St. John's Place, the wife of
G. E. NOBLE, Hongkong and Sh. Bank of
daughter.

1888.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, MAY 22ND, 1888.

No one who glances at the weekly mortality
returns published in the *Gazette* can fail to
be struck with the appalling number of
deaths from chronic lung disease. In the
week ending the 12th May, out of a total of
100 deaths, 23 were due to this cause, the
only other disease running into double figures
being convulsions, 17. Every week the
year round, summer and winter, lung disease
claims its full tale of victims. Is this large mortality wholly unpreventable? Dr. PERRETT, of Philadelphia, recently at-
tempted an investigation of the distribution
of consumption for the State of Pennsylvania,
and presented his data and certain conclusions
to the Climatological Association as a contribution to the climatological study
of the disease. His inquiries were sent to
650 of the 5,000 physicians distributed
through sixty-seven counties, and replies
were received from 120 correspondents in
forty-seven counties. The general deduc-
tions from the answers are that the localities
having high mortality from consumption are
those of little elevation and large annual
rainfall; and that the hilly regions, which
correspond quite closely with the favourable
climatic regions, have the greatest immunity.
A very small proportion of the respondents
recognize the influence of special local causes
for this disease, such as the greater damp-
ness of our house than another. The hor-
ribility of the disease is almost unani-
mously admitted, while its infectious quality
is receiving more general recognition. In
most, the negroes seem the most liable, and
Jews the most exempt, but there are many
other factors than those of nationality to be
taken into account. We should be glad
to see the question of lung disease in
China, and especially in Hongkong, taken
up by the members of our local Medical
Society, who, we believe, are doing a great
deal of useful work, though they do not let
the public see much of it. What is the im-
portant to ascertain in the first place is
whether the disease is more prevalent among
the Chinese in Hongkong than on the main-
land; if the result of the investigation shows
that it is more prevalent, then there would
be very strong reason for an inquiry as to
the causes of this prevalence and whether
they were preventable or not. If it could be
clearly shown that damp was the chief of
the causes, then, in face of the mortality
returns, the objections to the subsoil drainage
and concrete flooring clauses of the
Public Health Bill could no longer be main-
tained, provided it could be shown that
they were so drafted as to effect the object
in view and secure dry dwellings for the
people.

The question of the disposal of juvenile
offenders in Hongkong, dealt with by the
recently passed Reformatory Schools Ordin-
ance, cannot yet be settled as settled in
a very satisfactory way. At the Police Court
yesterday a youth was brought up charged
with larceny. In 1886, when only eleven
years old, he was convicted of stealing a
chopper. What attraction cheepers could
have exercised on his youthful imagination
we cannot say, but in 1887, he again ap-
peared before the Magistrate charged with
stealing another of these useful but dangerous
articles. On that occasion he was sent
to the Reformatory for two years. The
Magistrate naturally wanted to know how it
was that he was again at liberty to pursue
his thieving career when he ought to have
been safe under the charge of the Christian
Brothers who conduct the Reformatory. The
reply of the young criminal was that he had
been turned out because he was "too
bad" to be kept in the institution, that other
boys had been treated in a similar way, and
he also stated that escapes were frequent.
The statement about the turning out was
probably an invention of the boy's, the truth
no doubt being that he had escaped. It is
a fact, we believe, that escapes are not infre-
quent, there being no sufficient wall around
the grounds to prevent them. The cost of a
wall is estimated at \$1,500, and application
has been made to the Government to make a
grant of that amount, but the application
has been refused. The Reformatory is not
a Government, but a charitable institution,
the only connection of the Government with
it being that legislative sanction has been
given to the sending of juvenile criminals
there if the conductors are willing to receive
them. This being so, the refusal of the Gov-
ernment to make a special grant to the in-
stitution may be founded on good grounds.
If, however, there is not reasonable security
for the safe custody of the boys sent to the
Reformatory by the Magistrates it is clearly
the object of the Government to make an
investigation before the subject, but an investigation would be made on

proper place to send them to, in which
the Government would be called upon to
make other provision for them, for to send
children to go to associate with adult cri-
minals is wholly objectionable.

We notice that a system of covered drainage
for the houses on Mount Gough is being laid
The fall is towards Aberdeen.

The Emperor is having electric lights fired
in the Nan-hai-tai palace grounds of Peking.
They have arrived and will cost \$6,000.

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taken into account. We should be glad
to see the question of lung disease in
China, and especially in Hongkong, taken
up by the members of our local Medical
Society, who, we believe, are doing a great
deal of useful work, though they do not let
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the Chinese in Hongkong than on the main-
land; if the result of the investigation shows
that it is more prevalent, then there would
be very strong reason for an inquiry as to
the causes of this prevalence and whether
they were preventable or not. If it could be
clearly shown that damp was the chief of
the causes, then, in face of the mortality
returns, the objections to the subsoil drainage
and concrete flooring clauses of the
Public Health Bill could no longer be main-
tained, provided it could be shown that
they were so drafted as to effect the object
in view and secure dry dwellings for the
people.

The question of the disposal of juvenile
offenders in Hongkong, dealt with by the
recently passed Reformatory Schools Ordin-
ance, cannot yet be settled as settled in
a very satisfactory way. At the Police Court
yesterday a youth was brought up charged
with larceny. In 1886, when only eleven
years old, he was convicted of stealing a
chopper. What attraction cheepers could
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we cannot say, but in 1887, he again ap-
peared before the Magistrate charged with
stealing another of these useful but dangerous
articles. On that occasion he was sent
to the Reformatory for two years. The
Magistrate naturally wanted to know how it
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His Excellency the Governor visited the Chinese
man-of-war in harbour yesterday morning,
and received from each the usual salute. After
the compilation of his visit, His Excellency
lunched aboard the *Victor Emmanuel*.

It is reported, says the *Shanghai Courier*,
that news of the death of Mr. M. C. Nichols,
of *John C. H. Nichols*, has been received here.
Mr. Nichols was an old and popular ro-
man of Shanghai, and his demise is deeply
regretted in all circles of the community, while
great sympathy is expressed for his widow, who
was ever ready to give her valuable assistance
at our dramatic and musical entertainments, and
was thus well known and highly regarded. Mr.
Nichols was also well known as a *Hawking* and
as a *Washington* at the *Race Meetings*, and his memory will
long live in connection with many of the best
parties raised in China. He left here with his
wife a short time ago with the object of returning
to the United States. He was then a well-known
and a much-respected member of the Chinese
community, and his friends regret that he
would not reach his destination. Such an
unfortunate proved to be the case, and we an-
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he also stated that escapes were frequent.
The statement about the turning out was
probably an invention of the boy's, the truth
no doubt being that he had escaped. It is
a fact, we believe, that escapes are not infre-
quent, there being no sufficient wall around
the grounds to prevent them. The cost of a
wall is estimated at \$1,500, and application
has been made to the Government to make a
grant of that amount, but the application
has been refused. The Reformatory is not
a Government, but a charitable institution,
the only connection of the Government with
it being that legislative sanction has been
given to the sending of juvenile criminals
there if the conductors are willing to receive
them. This being so, the refusal of the Gov-
ernment to make a special grant to the in-
stitution may be founded on good grounds.
If, however, there is not reasonable security
for the safe custody of the boys sent to the
Reformatory by the Magistrates it is clearly
the object of the Government to make an
investigation before the subject, but an investigation would be made on

proper place to send them to, in which
the Government would be called upon to
make other provision for them, for to send
children to go to associate with adult cri-
minals is wholly objectionable.

It is reported, says the *Shanghai Courier*,
that news of the death of Mr. M. C. Nichols,
of *John C. H. Nichols*, has been received here.
Mr. Nichols was an old and popular ro-
man of Shanghai, and his demise is deeply
regretted in all circles of the community, while
great sympathy is expressed for his widow, who
was ever ready to give her valuable assistance
at our dramatic and musical entertainments, and
was thus well known and highly regarded. Mr.
Nichols was also well known as a *Hawking* and
as a *Washington* at the *Race Meetings*, and his memory will
long live in connection with many of the best
parties raised in China. He left here with his
wife a short time ago with the object of returning
to the United States. He was then a well-known
and a much-respected member of the Chinese
community, and his friends regret that he
would not reach his destination. Such an
unfortunate proved to be the case, and we an-
nounce his death with deep and sincere regret.

The Emperor is having electric lights fired
in the Nan-hai-tai palace grounds of Peking.
They have arrived and will cost \$6,000.

THE CHRONICLE AND DIRECTORY
has been thoroughly revised and brought up
to date, and is again much increased in bulk.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED.

SUMMER REQUISITES.

FRUIT CORDIALS,
LIME FRUIT JUICE, RASPBERRY,
STRAWBERRY, CHERRY, DAMSON,
PINE APPLE AND ORLEANS PLUM.

MASON & SWAN'S
NEW PATENT WATER FILTERS.

HANDLES SHEWING CONSTRUCTION
SUPPLIED OR APPLIED.

THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY,
HONGKONG.
Hongkong, 9th May, 1888.

BIRTH.
On the 21st May, at St. John's Place, the wife of
G. E. NOBLE, Hongkong and Sh. Bank of
daughter.

1888.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, MAY 22ND, 1888.

No one who glances at the weekly mortality
returns published in the *Gazette* can fail to
be struck with the appalling number of
deaths from chronic lung disease. In the
week ending the 12th May, out of a total of
100 deaths, 23 were due to this cause, the
only other disease running into double figures
being convulsions, 17. Every week the
year round, summer and winter, lung disease
claims its full tale of victims. Is this large mortality wholly unpreventable? Dr. PERRE

VESSELS ON THE BERTH.

TO BE LET.

MAILS EXPECTED.

SHIPPING IN PORT.

SHIPPING IN JAPANESE WATERS.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.
THE American Ship.

"PACTOLUS."

Burrough, Master, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch.
For freight, apply to

RUSSELL & CO.

Hongkong, 7th April, 1888. [106]

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

"ANTOINETTE."

E. T. Bui, Master, will load here for the above Port, and will have quick despatch.
For freight, apply to

MELCHERS & CO.

Hongkong, 12th May, 1888. [192]

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE BY PRIVATE CONTRACT.

A HANDSOME AMERICAN MANUAL

AND PEDAL BASS ORGAN.

ALMOST NEW.

DIMENSIONS—Length, 4 feet 11 inches; height, 5 feet 2 inches; width, 9 feet 4 inches.

In Walnut case, covered in silk. Of keys, C. Six-Six, Seven, Eight, Nine, Ten, Eleven, etc. Melodeon, Violin, Dulcet, Principal, Celesta, Flute, D'Amour, Cello, Crescendo, Flute, Horn, Forte, Vox, Human, Octave, Cymbal, Bowed Pedal, Manual to Pedals, Grand Organ, Foot Pedal, Swell Foot Pedal, Foot Blow Pedals, Blow Handals, etc.

1 Set 30 Notes Pedal Roads, 16 feet Pitch. Can be seen at the Office of the Daily Press any evening between the hours of 10 A.M. and Noon.

Hongkong, 6th April, 1888. [892]

FOR SALE.

CHAMPAGNE "MONOPOLE."

—HEIDSIECK & CO.

MONOPOLE Red Seal (medium dry).

Do. " " Red Foil (dry).

Do. " " Do. (extra dry).

CARLOWITZ & CO.

Agents for

THIERS & CO., PARIS.

For Hongkong, China, and Japan.

Hongkong, 1st July, 1888. [1263]

FOR SALE.

AT WHOLESALE PRICES.

SACCONI'S SHERRY, PORT.

CLARET, CHAMPAGNE.

HOCKS, BOURBON, 3 BATH ROOMS AND CONVENIENT

OFFICES.

A NEW STORY has just been added to the

SERVANTS' QUARTERS.

Apply to

MR. JOHN WILLMOTT,

Hongkong Dispensary.

Hongkong, 25th April, 1888. [1235]

TO LET.

A COMMODIOUS SUIT, OR OFFICES

IN THE ICE HOUSE BUILDINGS.

Apply to

G. C. ANDERSON,

13, Praya Central.

Hongkong, 23rd March, 1888. [611]

TO BE LET.

A LARGE AND WELL FURNISHED

HOUSE IN THE TOWN, AND ALSO ONE AT

A LITTLE DISTANCE.

A PORTION OF "BACONSFIELD ARCADE."

AN OFFICE IN BANK BUILDINGS.

"BREEZY POINT" Possession on the 1st

May.

"DISNEY VILLA," POPOLUM.

GODOWNS AT BOWEN TON.

Apply to

SHARP & CO.,

Marine House.

Hongkong, 25th April, 1888. [350]

TO LET.

ROOMS IN "COLLEGE CHAMBERS."

GODOWN IN ICE HOUSE LANE, Ildy

occupied by Messrs. BUTTERFIELD & SWINE.

from the 1st August.

Apply to

DAVID SASSOON, SONS & CO.

Hongkong, 30th July, 1888. [144]

TO LET.

HONGKONG WHALE & GODOWNS

GODOWNS received on STORAGE at Moderate

RATES, in First-class Godowns.

STEAMER CARGOES discharged on

favorable terms.

Also ENTIRE GODOWNS to LET.

Apply to

MEYER & CO.

Hongkong, 2nd July, 1887. [1275]

MOUNT KELLET—THE PEAK.

TO LET UNFURNISHED.

A FOUR-ROOMED BUNGALOW with

THREE BATHROOMS, DRYING ROOM, &

Apply to

R. E. CAREY, CAREY OF THE DAILY PRESS OFFICE.

Hongkong, 9th March, 1888. [510]

TO THE UNITED KINGDOM AND PLACES

BEYOND, PARCELS are FORWARDED

BY MAIL, and carried in London about 8 days

thence the Mail. The parcel must be posted before 3

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charge is made on delivery except for Customs

Dues. A Declaration of Contents and Value is

required with each parcel. The form is supplied

free.

To INDIA—By P. & O. and Indian Mail

packet only. The parcel is forwarded to

Gibraltar, Europe—Parcels are sealed,

but any parcel, even though sealed, is liable to

be opened for examination. Dangerous or per-

ishable goods, opium, articles likely to injure

the mails, liquids (unless securely packed), and

fragile packages are prohibited. No Parcel

must exceed \$250 in value. A Parcel may con-

tain a letter to the same address, or a note of

a letter is prohibited, or another Parcel to that

address, but no otherwise. Declarations of

Contents must be complete and accurate.

Everything in the Parcel should be entered.

False declarations expose the Parcel to the risk

of confiscation.

The above, being carefully marked on the best

principle hitherto attained. The typography

displays the success of an attempt to make

the Chinese and English type correspond in

the size of body, thereby effecting a vast economy

of space, achieving a cleanness not previously

attained, and dispelling with due tact various

objections which have heretofore charac-

terized Chinese publications.

The illustrious the work, the following facts are submitted for consideration:

—Chalmers' Vocabulary contains about 16,000

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lished.

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Europeans residing in China, and especially to

those who are not fully conversant with

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It comprises upwards of two thousand large

quarto pages.

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CRAWFORD & CO.

TO BE LET.

TWO UNFURNISHED ROOMS; Praya

Central, 13.

Apply to

STOLTERFOFT & HIRST.

Hongkong, 3rd May, 1888. [162]

TO LET.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

HOUSE No. 1, "BALM'S COURT" Bombar

Road.

The Canadian Pacific steamer "Portia" with

dates to the 30th ultimo, left Yokohama on the

13th instant for this port via Shanghai.

THE AMERICAN MAIL.

The P. & O. steamer "City of New York" with

mails from San Francisco to the 1st inst., leaves

Yokohama on the 22nd, and is due here on or

about the 23rd instant.

STEAMERS EXPECTED.

The P. & O. regular fortnightly steamer "Dec-

brett" from Bombay, left Singapore at 9 a.m. on

the 16th, and may be expected to arrive here on

or about the 21st instant.

The steamer "Doris" left Singapore on the 15th,

and is due here on the 22nd instant.

The Indo-China steamer "Wing-Long" left Singa-

pore on the 16th, and is due here on the 22nd

instant.

The steamer "Glazier" left Singapore on the

17th instant.

The Glen Line steamer "Glendur" left Singa-

pore on the 20th, and is due here on the 26th

instant.

The D. B. D. steamer "Nido" left Singapore on

the 20th, and is due here on the 26th instant.

The P. & O. regular fortnightly steamer "T-

saw" from Bombay, left Singapore on the 17th instant.

The steamer "Glazier" left Singapore on the

17th instant.

The Glen Line steamer "Glendur" left Singa-

pore on the 20th, and is due here on the 2